We're Almost There, Folks!





Copyright © 2018 by Jones & Bartlett Learning, LLC, an Ascend Learning Compan www.jblearning.com

1

Today's Assignment

- Class Sharing/Review
- Chapters 9 and 10 Professionalism, PR, Communication
- Chapter 8 Messages for Special Circumstances, and Safety Campaigns
- Chapter 3 Fire Department Basics and Fire and Life Safety Educators

Copyright © 2018 by Jones & Bartlett Learning, LLC, an Ascend Learning Compan www.iblearning.com

2

"Good Ideas are like Manure...... No Good Unless They're Spread Around"



m. giesler

Let's Share!

Copyright © 2018 by Jones & Bartlett Learning, LLC, an Ascend Learning Compa



Chapter 9: Professionalism and Presentations Pages 179-197



4

Objectives (1 of 3)

- Define professionalism. (p. 179)
- List attributes and personal characteristics of professionals (NFPA 4.1.1). (p. 180)
- Distinguish among the levels of NFPA 1035, Fire and Life Safety Educator I, II, and III. (p. 179)
- Discuss behaviors that compromise a professional image. (pp. 180–181)

Copyright © 2018 by Jones & Bartlett Learning, LLC, an Ascend Learning Company www.iblearning.com

5

Objectives (2 of 3)

- Identify qualities of educators who practice "doing the right thing" to represent their departments when working with the public. (p. 181)
- Address safety practices for all lessons, programs and demonstrations to ensure safety of participants and staff (NFPA 4.4.2). (p. 182)
- Describe professional writing practices. (pp. 184– 185)
- Outline techniques for effective presentations (NFPA 4.4.3). (pp. 185–193)

Copyright © 2018 by Jones & Bartlett Learning, LLC, an Ascend Learning Compa

Objectives (3 of 3)

- Document fire and life safety educational activities accurately (NFPA 4.2.1). (p. 184)
- Prepare activity reports (NFPA 4.2.2). (p. 182)
- Keep a work schedule that ensures all activities are recorded and completed according to plan (NFPA 4.2.3). (p. 184)
- Discuss factors important to working in positive teams, coalitions, and partnerships (NFPA 4.3.1). (pp. 193–195)

Copyright © 2018 by Jones & Bartlett Learning, LLC, an Ascend Learning Compan www.jblearning.com

7

Introduction

- Professional qualifications
 - A declaration to the public that they are receiving care and service from individuals who have the training and skills to provide a standard level of competency
- · Public fire and life safety educators
 - NFPA 1035 sets minimum qualifications for three levels
 - · Public Fire and Life Safety Educator I, II, and III

Copyright © 2018 by Jones & Bartlett Learning, LLC, an Ascend Learning Compa

8

True Professionalism

- True professionals
 - Work towards greater good
 - Show sincere interest in individuals
 - · Concerned about well-being
 - Have sincere respect for others
 - Believe in what they do
 - Take pride in their work
 - Have passion, persistence, and sincerity

Copyright © 2018 by Jones & Bartlett Learning, LLC, an Ascend Learning Comp.

The Face of the Department

- Key reminders
 - Only one chance to make a first impression
 - Image portrayed reflects the whole department
 - Remain objective
 - · Avoid injecting personal opinions
 - Leave it at the door
 - · Leave your bad day at the doorstep
 - · Positive attitude will help motivate others
 - · Generate some enthusiasm

opyright © 2018 by Jones & Bartlett Learning, LLC, an Ascend Learning Compar www.jblearning.co

10

Doing the Right Thing

- Educators must:
 - Have something worth listening to
 - Delivering on expectations and deadlines
 - Stick to the schedule
 - · Show up and leave on time!
 - Stick to what they know
 - · Realize limitations of competencies
 - Compromise and adjust to changes
 - Be effective communicators both up and down department chain of command

Copyright © 2018 by Jones & Bartlett Learning, LLC, an Ascend Learning Compar

11

Professional Practices

- General practices
 - Model appropriate behaviors
 - · Actions speak loudest
 - · Avoid confrontations in public forums
 - Words and actions reflect on entire department always!
 - Better to do a few things well than take on too much do not promise what you can't deliver
 - Evaluate and ensure objectives are met

Copyright © 2018 by Jones & Bartlett Learning, LLC, an Ascend Learning Comp.

	-	3 h	П	п	• • •
_	_ (ab	н	ш	·V
_			44	-	

- Legal responsibility and accountability for an act or process related to a program
- Includes:
 - Proper use of legal contracts and waivers
 - · Other copyrighted material permissions
 - Waivers for photos, smoke alarm installations, participation in rides on department vehicles

Copyright © 2018 by Jones & Bartlett Learning, LLC, an Ascend Learning Compan www.jblearning.com

13

Liability and Safety

- It is the educator's responsibility to ensure a safe environment for the public at all presentations and demonstrations.
- · Plan age-appropriate activities.

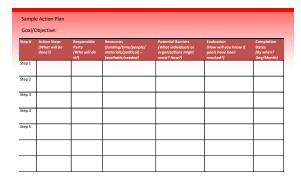
Copyright © 2018 by Jones & Bartlett Learning, LLC, an Ascend Learning Compa

14

Time Management

- Basic reminders
 - Prioritize Daily Tasks
 - OHIO!
 - Plan weeks and months ahead Technology now makes it easier!
 - Long-term projects
 - Estimate how long each task will take
 - Plan backward from the target date
 - Use an Action Plan (page 258)
 - Schedule administrative time/downtime!

Copyright © 2018 by Jones & Bartlett Learning, LLC, an Ascend Learning Comp



opyright © 2018 by Jones & Bartlett Learning, LLC, an Ascend Learning Compan www.jblearning.com

16

Time Management (cont'd.)

- Assess all requests
- -Learn to say no! does it line up with objectives?
- -Do you have a policy?
- -Evaluate and reflect
- Invest in a book on time management if this isn't your strength
 Schedule time based on priorities!

Copyright © 2018 by Jones & Bartlett Learning, LLC, an Ascend Learning Compa

17

Writing

- Make your point.
- · Tell a story.
- · Use anecdotes.
- Be brief and cut clutter.
- · Avoid buzzwords, acronyms, and jargon.
- · Vary sentence length.

Copyright © 2018 by Jones & Bartlett Learning, LLC, an Ascend Learning Comp.

Writing

- When writing for older adults, allow for white space on a page.
- Be careful when translating materials into a second language.
- Finish with a final push
- Arrange flow in left-to-right zig-zag pattern (page 184)
- · Keep audience demographics in mind

19

Record Keeping and Documentation

- Educators need to do more of this than you might think!
- All presentations and activities need to be documented.
- Information is necessary for:
 - Future budgeting
 - Staffing
 - Scheduling
 - Grant writing
 - Monthly and annual department reports
 - Community risk reduction efforts
 - Reporting out to community partners
 - Evaluation

20

E-mail Etiquette

- Make messages concise and clear.
 - Screen loading can annoy the recipients.
- Say what you need in the subject line.
- · Begin longer e-mails with a brief note to the readers explaining what you want them to do.
- · Be careful when responding to e-mail.
- · Watch your temper.
- · Fill in the recipient window last.

Copyright © 2018 by Jones & Bartlett Learning, LLC, an Ascend Learning Company www.jblearning.com

Presentations (1 of 2)

- The best presentations seem effortless, but they are really the results of a great deal of planning and preparation.
- Where to begin:
 - Follow a scripted outline for the presentations.
 - Lesson plan
 - Lesson: A component of a program in which the educator directly presents fire or life safety information to a group

Copyright © 2018 by Jones & Bartlett Learning, LLC, an Ascend Learning Compan www.jblearning.com

22

Presentations (2 of 2)

- As long as each presenter teaches to the objectives of the lesson, the learning outcomes should be the same, resulting in a positive change in behavior.
- An objective provides the goal or purpose for the lesson and indicates the desired performance or level of achievement of the participant.
- Evaluation is based on the objectives.

Copyright © 2018 by Jones & Bartlett Learning, LLC, an Ascend Learning Compa

23

Do Things the Right Way (1 of 2)

- Speakers are on the audience's clock, not their own.
- The audience should never be a stranger to the speaker. Get to know them.
- Make your vision their vision. "Ted Talks"
- · Practice, practice, practice.
- Watch the use of improper grammar, acronyms, and jargon.
- Provide refreshments.

Copyright © 2018 by Jones & Bartlett Learning, LLC, an Ascend Learning Compa

Do Things the Right Way (2 of 2)

- Make eye contact with individuals in the audience.
- · Consider room arrangement
- Body Language
- · Position yourself with the slides to your left.
- · Whenever possible, use inclusive language.
- Show; don't tell.
- Stick to the substance of the information and what you know.
- The conclusion is just as critical as the introduction and the content.

Copyright © 2018 by Jones & Bartlett Learning, LLC, an Ascend Learning Compa www.jblearning.co

25

Top Five Take-Aways

Do things the right way Presentation pointers Refer to Table 9-1 Page 187

Copyright © 2018 by Jones & Bartlett Learning, LLC, an Ascend Learning Compan www.iblearning.com

26

A Roadmap for Presentations

- Introduce yourself.
- Depending on the circumstances, make announcements.
- Provide an overview of the class or presentation.
- · Introduce a "hook" or anticipatory set.
- · Present the core message.
- Provide a simple activity.
- Conclude with a strong culminating statement, challenge, or activity.
- Assess and evaluate.

Copyright © 2018 by Jones & Bartlett Learning, LLC, an Ascend Learning Compa

The Nuts and Bolts of **Presentations**

- Develop three types of checklists:
 - Tasks to complete in preparing for the talk
 - Contact information
 - Items to bring to the speaking engagement that will be necessary for the actual presentation
 - Educational and Instructional Materials (191)
 - Checklists (Appendix B 399-402)

28

Murphy's Law

If anything can go wrong, it will.

Always have a back-up plan and materials

29

Room Setup

Page 190

- Before a presentation, gather information about:
 - The location of the presentation within the facility
 - The type of room provided
 - Typical seating arrangements
 - Availability of speaker support items
- · The arrangement for the room is dependent on:
 - Age group characteristics and other audience demographics
 - The type of presentation
 - Available space
 - Level of activity and interaction

Seating Arrangements for Presentations स स स ०० ००

31

Educational and Instructional Materials (1 of 2)

- Can be developed and created in-house or professionally designed ones purchased
- · When choosing materials or props, keep in mind:
 - Age appropriateness
 - Accurate and current information
 - Relevancy to the lesson objectives
 - Culturally competent and sensitive content
 - Visual aids and props usable within viewing range for the entire audience

32

Educational and Instructional Materials (2 of 2)

- Choosing materials or props (cont'd):
 - Items that will be passed around should be clean and safe.
 - Consider interactive vs. static
 - displays and props. Use nonthreatening visual aids, especially when children are in the audience.
 - Use budget monies for handouts prudently. Consumables?
 - Promotional items can be used as "cues to action" rather than simply handed out.



Copyright © 2018 by Jones & Bartlett Learning, LLC, an Ascend Learning Company www.jblearning.com

Dealing with the Unexpected

- Hostile audience members: Adopt strategies.
- Always have a backup plan and materials.
- As much as possible, bring everything you might need with you.
- Consider all possibilities and learn to take them in stride when they happen.

Copyright © 2018 by Jones & Bartlett Learning, LLC, an Ascend Learning Compan www.jblearning.com

34

Slide and PowerPoint® Presentations

- Reduce the outline to the essentials the audience needs.
- When creating bulleted text, use one concept per slide.
- Use an appropriate font size: 22 or 24 are recommended
- Stay within the 8 × 8 rule.
- Make bullet points consistent in structure.
- · Determine the correct number of slides.
- · Double-check that video or sounds are working.
- Investigate the copyright on pictures and videos.

Copyright © 2018 by Jones & Bartlett Learning, LLC, an Ascend Learning Compa

35

Slide and PowerPoint® Presentations

Beware of too many transitions!

Copyright © 2018 by Jones & Bartlett Learning, LLC, an Ascend Learning Compa

36

Partnerships, Teams, and Coalitions

- The potential for productivity, creativity, and divergent thinking is multiplied.
- · Tips for avoiding barriers and pitfalls
 - Identify the vision, mission, and goals
 - Create a clear set of operating rules
 - Standard procedures, values, boundaries, conventions of behavior, etc.
 - Avoid social loafing
 - Identify responsibilities
 - Ensure accountability

opyright © 2018 by Jones & Bartlett Learning, LLC, an Ascend Learning Compar www.jblearning.co

37

Partnerships, Teams, and Coalitions (2 of 2)

- The characteristics of effective teams:
 - Respect for each member
 - Freedom and authority to manage their own work and responsibilities
 - Recognizing the strength and contributions each person brings to the table
 - Free to challenge each other in an atmosphere of respect and tolerance
 - New and different viewpoints and ideas are welcomed and encouraged
- Homogenous teams fall into the trap of groupthink.

Copyright © 2018 by Jones & Bartlett Learning, LLC, an Ascend Learning Compa

38

Working with Other Fire Department Members

- Points to consider when looking to colleagues for assistance:
 - Check schedules. What else is on the schedule for them on the day they are requested to assist with a program?
 - Put the right person in the right job.
 - Give everything needed for success. Provide the tools of training and materials.

Copyright © 2018 by Jones & Bartlett Learning, LLC, an Ascend Learning Compa

Working with Other Fire Department Members

- Points to consider when looking to colleagues for assistance:
 - Take the time to show up at the colleague's event and support the person's efforts.
 - Offer to assist in presenting a program the first time.
 - Encourage fire fighters to put their own fingerprints on all programs.
 - Never take this help for granted; sincerely acknowledge their efforts.

Copyright © 2018 by Jones & Bartlett Learning, LLC, an Ascend Learning Compan www.iblearning.com

40

Summary (1 of 3)

- All department members can and should demonstrate professionalism when representing the department.
- Working with the public means concentrating on improving habits that will interfere with a professional image and presentations.
- Even experienced educators need to prepare. It is never appropriate to "wing it."

Copyright © 2018 by Jones & Bartlett Learning, LLC, an Ascend Learning Compar

41

Summary (2 of 3)

- PowerPoint is not a presentation; rather, it is a tool used to support presentations.
- Use visuals, demonstrate, and deliver animated presentations.
- Educators who study and practice the skills involved in preparing and presenting presentations experience greater success, enjoy the process, and more fully engage their audiences.

Copyright © 2018 by Jones & Bartlett Learning, LLC, an Ascend Learning Compa

www.jblea

Summary (3 of 3)

- Partnerships, teams, and coalitions provide individuals and organizations with the ability to pool resources, knowledge, and experience.
- Those who understand how to work in teams and who share with all members for the good of the mission and goals of the group will reap the greatest rewards.

Copyright @ 2018 by Jone	& Bartlett	Learning,	LLC, a	n Ascend Learning Company
				www.jblearning.com